Business Continuity Planning – Keeping Pace with New Technology
Old issues, new threats

- Force Majeure – Increasing severe weather incidents, terrorist attacks
- Legacy modernization – Cutover issues, system crashes, corrupt data
- Cyber attacks – Denial of service, ransomware
Business Continuity Planning (BCP), Continuity of Operations Plan (COOP) and IT Disaster Recovery (ITDR) are critical to minimize business disruption and negative impact on client services in times of crisis.

**Key components include:**

- Evaluation of risk
- Business impact analysis
- Coordination and management to recover technology & operations

Questions you need to ask yourself:

- When was the last time you updated your BCP?
- Are you prepared for a cyber attack?
- How does cloud fit into your ITDR strategy?
New technology = New risks

Cloud, mobility, connected vehicles, modern systems – As jurisdictions become more reliant on technology, they should plan on how to operate when its not there!

How can jurisdictions stay on top of these changes?

- Conduct vulnerability assessments of state-wide networks, systems and data. Identify exposures and define mitigation strategies
  - Emphasis is on maintaining the plan; implementing protection methods; training, testing, and exercising; and mitigating risks.
  - Technology can help by providing remote means to collaborate, test & train.

3 Key areas of focus

- New technology & new business continuity planning assumptions
- Rethinking IT disaster recovery
- Review of emergency & incident management plans

Safe Drivers · Safe Vehicles · Secure Identities · Saving Lives
Each operational unit must constantly assess the impact of new technology:

- Will the recovery times be modified?
- Will the unique requirements affecting operations be adequate?
- Is there a process to restore essential functions?
- What is the agency depending on and what if it's not there?

Identify procedures, priorities, and resources (personnel, facilities and equipment):

- Which tools will improve the ability to continue operations?

Identify an alternate work area:

- Which mobile communication options (e.g. hotspots and portable equipment) can be used to continue operations?
Rethinking IT disaster recovery

IT DR plan and cloud technology will require reassessment of risks, timelines and procedures

- Update risk plan to reflect the new risks introduced

- Re-align services and protocols
  - Update recovery timelines and procedures
  - Update routing tables, IP addresses, VPN, web portals
  - Well defined outage scenarios, situation and assumptions

- Network communications - availability
  - Alternative recovery points, redundancy and out of band

- Alternate locations - Cloud, regional/internal or hybrid
Emergency & incident management

- Emergency/Incident response operations
  - Test interoperability with other agencies in a unified command structure
  - Link agencies together using common protocols

- Identifying an alternate work area
  - Include mobile communication options such as hotspots and portable equipment
  - Develop basic equipment lists
  - Work from home provisions
  - Define workarounds

- Communication Plan - Communication paths, reports, schedules, interoperability
  - Automate employee notification
  - Setup shared work areas using tools such as SharePoint
Develop teams that are charged with periodic reviews of Disaster Recovery, Continuity of Operations and Emergency Management.

Refresh in order to take advantage of the business process improvements and service delivery efficiencies that come with advances in the technology.

Complete an updated list of all Agency staff with contact information and summary of individual skills.

Keep the contact list of Agency Business Partners and third party service providers updated.

New technology provides enabling tools; It’s the people who make them work.
For More Information Contact:

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