State to State Verification Service (S2S)

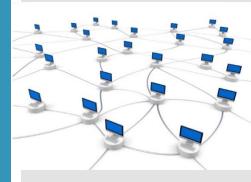
AAMVA Spring Workshop March 9, 2016

Ann Perry, Wisconsin Scott Moran, North Dakota Helen Myers, Maryland Steve Leak, Indiana Tom Osterbind, Mississippi

Agenda

- What is S2S?
- Pilot State Participation
- Fee Model
- Q&A with Pilot States

State to State (S2S) Verification Service



What is S2S?



State to State Verification Service

- Allows a state to determine if an applicant has a DL or ID card in another state.
- Provides functionality States have sought for many years - to achieve the goal of "One Driver- One License" for all drivers.
- Allows all States to enforce their own laws, rules, regulations and policies.
- Participating in S2S does not require a State to participate in REAL ID, but it helps a state that wants to comply meet REAL ID requirements.

What is S2S?



State to State Verification Service

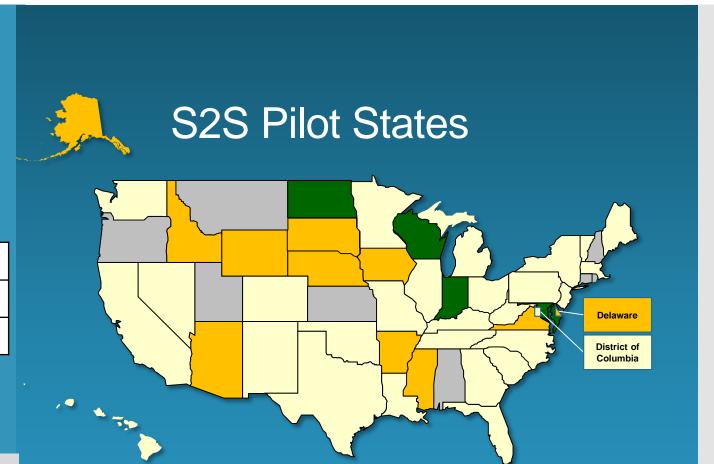
- Developed by the states, for the states.
- Federal grant funds were used for development.
- Federal grant funds are available to be used by states to implement S2S. (ex. NHTSA 405(c) formula grants, DHS grants)
- DHS has a stake in the pilot.
- No Federal oversight is anticipated post-pilot

What is S2S?



Benefits of Participation

- Improved Integrity of US-Issued Credentials
- Compliance with State Laws
- Detect & Deter Identity Theft & Fraud
- Reduce Costs for Complying with Interstate Compacts
- Improve Highway Safety
- Improve Homeland Security



4	Live In Production
11	Signed LOI, Go Live Confirmed
28	Expressed Interest in Implementing

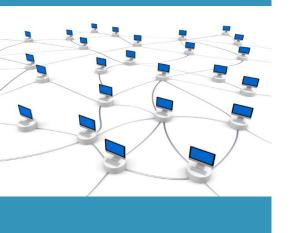
As of 3/9/2016

S2S Pilot Schedule

As of 3/9/2016

S2S Timeline – Key Milestones and Dates					
Task / Deliverable	Date(s)				
Certification Environment Go-Live	03/03/2015				
Production Environment Go-Live	07/06/2015				
Wisconsin Go-Live	08/10/2015				
North Dakota Go-Live	11/16/2015				
Maryland Go-Live	01/31/2016				
Indiana Go-Live	02/21/2016				
Iowa Target Go-Live	06/2016				
Arkansas Target Go-Live	06/2016				
Nebraska Target Go-Live	07/2016				
Delaware Target Go-Live	07/2016				
Mississippi Target Go-Live	08/2016				
South Dakota Target Go-Live	09/2016				
Wyoming Target Go-Live	09/2016				
Arizona Target Go-Live	10/2016				
Alaska Target Go-Live	10/2016				
Idaho Target Go-Live	11/2016				
Virginia Target Go-Live	11/2016				
Pilot Operations End Date	03/03/2017				

S2S Pilot



Go-Live Process

What is required?

- Update all CDLIS pointers
- Add all Real ID pointers

What is a state choice?

 Add all DL/ID pointers or follow a day forward approach?

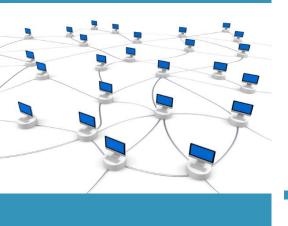
What the pilot states chose to do?

Add all DL/ID pointers for pilot evaluation and best practices

Summary of Go Live Results

Go Live Statistics	WI	ND	MD	IN
# of CDL Pointers Updated	301,585	71,672	230,014	352,096
# of Non-CDLIS Pointers Added	4,329,257	574,483	4,587,953	4,818,802
C us tomary DLs	3,422,538	506,550	139,764	3,191,795
C us tomary IDs	351,906	50,803	6,057	303,384
C us tomary Base Permits	42,819	17,130	21,603	14,284
Real ID DLs	463,828	n/a	3,804,935	961,308
Real ID IDs	22,210	n/a	477,321	245,930
Real ID Base Permits	25,956	n/a	138,273	102,101
# of Potential Duplicate Pairs	5,032	17,143	8,299	17,516
Prohibited Combination (Non-Type 7)	1,472	2,676	6,729	12,052
Permitted Combination (Type 7)	3,560	14,467	1,570	5,464
CDLIS	2,328	7,824	4,660	11,021
Non-C D L IS	2,704	9,319	3,639	6,495
Wisconsin	26	616	2,124	3,337
North Dakota	568	12,248	507	482
Maryland	309	156	1,074	2,452
Indiana	1,964	354	54	442

S2S Pilot

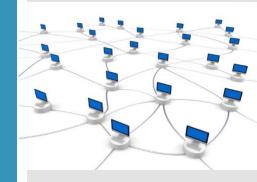


Potential Duplicate Resolution Process

- Pilot States are developing a best practice
- Considerations include:
 - Efficiency and use of state resources
 - Is a pair using the same identity?
 - Is the pair associated with the same person?
 - How to determine appropriate course of action?
 - Customer Service Notifications
 - Prioritization of pair resolution (CDLIS, Real ID, DL, ID)
- Will refine the Best Practice before applying to existing duplicates

State to State (S2S) Verification Service

Governance Activities



S2S Governance



Governance Activities

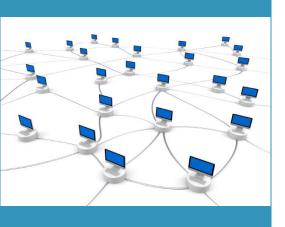
- Long-Term Governance Approach
- S2S Financial Model and User Fees
- DIVS Executive Committee Approval
- Communication to States

S2S Governance



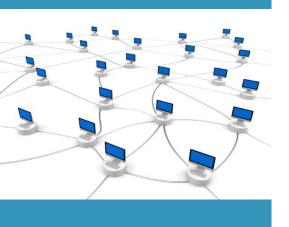
Decision Regarding Long Term Governance

- Long term Governance will be provided by an organization formed by the states participating in S2S.
- Named the S2S Board of Directors
- Will be formed in 2016 so that governance can be transitioned by March 2017.



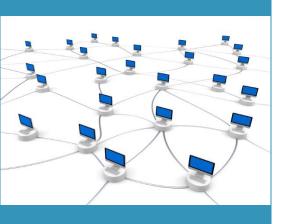
Development of the Financial Model

- Set objectives for the Financial Model
- Iterative development of the Financial Model
 - Determine scenarios
 - Build models for those scenarios
 - Review and revise
- Settle on a single proposed model
- Final review and recommendation process completed in mid-February
- Developing a Risk Mitigation Approach



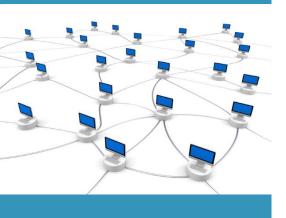
Fee Model Objectives

- Do not penalize early adopters
- Keep the per state fee equitable by size (i.e. population) of state
- Provide incentives for states to join
- Consider the benefit that could be provided by obtaining a subsidy from outside DIVS. Any subsidy should have defined beginning and end dates.



Financial Model Parameters

- Covers FY 2017 through FY 2024
- Participation
 - 14 at end of pilot in March 2017
 - 2 new states during remainder of FY 2017
 - 4 new states each year after that
 - Driver population of a new state is 4 million
- Fee limits
 - Per state fee should be <= \$50k
 - Per driver fee should be <= \$.08
 - \$1.7 million will be available to offset operating deficits
- Re-engineering Reserve
 - Re-engineering to take place in FY 2024
 - Re-engineering funded from surplus revenue in later years



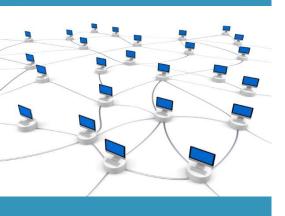
One-Time Fee and Annual Fees

One-Time Implementation Fee

- Covers the cost of structured testing and other AAMVA activities to add a new state
- Same for all states. Pilot States do not pay this fee

Annual Fee (Two parts)

- Per State Fee
 - Same flat fee charged to all participating states
- Per Driver Fee
 - Fee for each licensed driver in the state
- Calculation of a state's annual fee
 - (Per Driver Fee * Number of Drivers in the State) + Per State Fee



Features of Recommended Fee Model

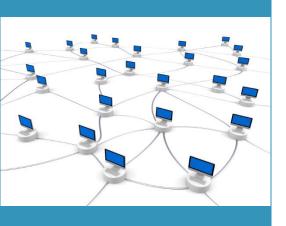
- Meets the Fee Model Objectives
- Keeps fees in line with the 2013 Fee Model
- Based on 14 states on board by March 2017 and four states being added each year thereafter

Fiscal Year	Annual Per State Fee	Annual Per Driver Fee	On-Time Implementation Fee			
2017	\$27 , 166	\$0.0720	\$93,671			
2018	\$29,651	\$0.0720	\$96,331			
2019	\$32,885	\$0.0720	\$99,066			
2020	\$35,893	\$0.0720	\$101,883			
2021	\$39,202	\$0.0720	\$104, 784			
2022	\$40,000	\$0.0720	\$107,772			
2023	\$40,000	\$0.0720	\$110,837			
2024	\$40,000	\$0.0720	\$113,990			

Does not show a deficit, if participation goals are met

Estimated Annual Charges FY 2017 & FY 2018

Pilot States	urch 1, 2017 – ember 30, 2017	Monthly		tober 1, 2017- ember 30, 2018	Monthly
Filot States	·			ember 30, 2010	
Arizona	\$ 238,719	\$ 34,103	\$	421,258	\$ 35,105
Arkansas	\$ 111,389	\$ 15,913	\$	194,546	\$ 16,212
Delaware	\$ 47,504	\$ 6,786	\$	84,371	\$ 7,031
Idaho	\$ 65,209	\$ 9,316	\$	115,501	\$ 9,625
Indiana	\$ 246,068	\$ 35,153	\$	425,692	\$ 35,474
Iowa	\$ 109,427	\$ 15,632	\$	190,109	\$ 15,842
Maryland	\$ 195,724	\$ 27,961	\$	340,519	\$ 28,377
Mississippi	\$ 99,783	\$ 14,255	\$	174,166	\$ 14,514
Nebraska	\$ 73,597	\$ 10,514	\$	128,837	\$ 10,736
North Dakota	\$ 36,893	\$ 5,270	\$	65,672	\$ 5,473
South Dakota	\$ 41,596	\$ 5,942	\$	73,856	\$ 6,155
Virginia	\$ 261,033	\$ 37,290	\$	454,313	\$ 37,859
Wisconsin	\$ 190,415	\$ 27,202	\$	330,158	\$ 27,513
Wyoming	\$ 33,870	\$ 4,839	\$	60,640	\$ 5,053

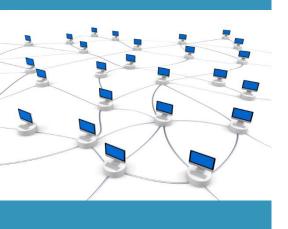


How Do We Mitigate the Risk of the Recommended Financial Model?

RISK: That the program will not meet participation targets.

Mitigation Plan:

- Pursue a subsidy (current thinking up to \$5million) that could be used to mitigate the risk in case we don't hit our yearly targets (ex. 14 states by March 2017, 4 states each year after that).
- This funding would be used only in the event that we don't reach our goal of participating states each year.



Summary of Proposed Fee Model

- Sets fees in line with the 2013 Fee Model
- Is intended to motivate the participating states to actively pursue participation by additional states:
 - Potential to reduce fees if participation increases above target
 - The more states involved, the greater the highway safety & ID security benefit to participating states.
 - If all target recruitment goals are met each year, the subsidy can stay in reserve for unanticipated events.
- Risk posed by a slower than planned implementation schedule will be mitigated by establishment of a financial subsidy to handle potential operational shortfalls.

S2S Pilot



Next Steps

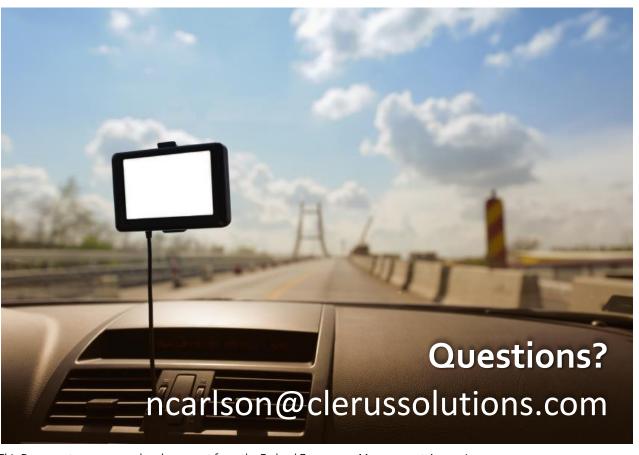
- Support Pilot State Implementations
- Conduct Pilot Evaluation
- Gather Best Practice Recommendations
- Establish S2S Board of Directors
- Implement Fee Model starting March 2017
- Finalize the Risk Mitigation Approach

State to State (S2S) Verification Service

Q&A with Pilot States



DIVS & S2S



This Document was prepared under a grant from the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Grant Programs Directorate (GPD) United States Department of Homeland Security. Points of view or opinions expressed in this document are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of FEMA/GPD or the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.



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